Precision Current Shunt Meter

PCS-1000/PCS-1000I

USER MANUAL

ISO-9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURER

GW INSTEK

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Table of Contents

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This chapter contains important safety instructions that you must follow during operation and storage. Read the following before any operation to insure your safety and to keep the instrument in the best possible condition.

Safety Symbols

These safety symbols may appear in this manual or on the instrument.

 WARNING	Warning: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.
 CAUTION	Caution: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in damage to the instrument or to other properties.
	DANGER High Voltage
	Attention Refer to the Manual
	Protective Conductor Terminal
	Earth (ground) Terminal
	Do not dispose electronic equipment as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased.

Safety Guidelines

General Guideline ⚠ CAUTION	• Do not place any heavy object on the instrument. • Avoid severe impact or rough handling that leads to damaging the instrument. • Do not discharge static electricity to the instrument. • Use only mating connectors, not bare wires, for the terminals. • Do not block the cooling fan opening. • Do not disassemble the instrument unless you are qualified. (Measurement categories) EN 61010-1:2010 specifies the measurement categories and their requirements as follows. The instrument falls under category II (600VAC). • Measurement category IV is for measurement performed at the source of low-voltage installation. • Measurement category III is for measurement performed in the building installation. • Measurement category II is for measurement performed on the circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation. • 0 is for measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to Mains.
Power Supply ⚠ WARNING	• AC Input voltage range: 100V/120V/220V/240V ±10% (selectable range) • Frequency: 50/60Hz • To avoid electrical shock connect the protective grounding conductor of the AC power cord to an earth ground.
Cleaning the Instrument	• Disconnect the power cord before cleaning. • Use a soft cloth dampened in a solution of mild detergent and water. Do not spray any liquid. • Do not use chemicals containing harsh material such as benzene, toluene, xylene, and acetone.

Operation Environment	• Location: Indoor, no direct sunlight, dust free, almost non-conductive pollution (Note below) • Relative Humidity: Full accuracy to 80% RH, at 40°C • Altitude: < 2000m • Temperature: 0°C to 50°C (Pollution Degree) EN 61010-1:2010 specifies the pollution degrees and their requirements as follows. The instrument falls under degree 2. Pollution refers to "addition of foreign matter, solid, liquid, or gaseous (ionized gases), that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity". • Pollution degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence. • Pollution degree 2: Normally only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation must be expected. • Pollution degree 3: Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non-conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is expected. In such conditions, equipment is normally protected against exposure to direct sunlight, precipitation, and full wind pressure, but neither temperature nor humidity is controlled.
Storage environment	• Location: Indoor • Temperature: -40°C to 70°C • Relative Humidity: <90%
Disposal 	Do not dispose this instrument as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased. Please make sure discarded electrical waste is properly recycled to reduce environmental impact.

Power cord for the United Kingdom

When using the instrument in the United Kingdom, make sure the power cord meets the following safety instructions.

NOTE: This lead/appliance must only be wired by competent persons

WARNING: THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED

IMPORTANT: The wires in this lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:

Green/ Yellow:	Earth
Blue:	Neutral
Brown:	Live (Phase)

As the colours of the wires in main leads may not correspond with the coloured marking identified in your plug/appliance, proceed as follows:

The wire which is coloured Green & Yellow must be connected to the Earth terminal marked with either the letter E, the earth symbol ⏚ or coloured Green/Green & Yellow.

The wire which is coloured Blue must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured Blue or Black.

The wire which is coloured Brown must be connected to the terminal marked with the letter L or P or coloured Brown or Red.

If in doubt, consult the instructions provided with the equipment or contact the supplier.

This cable/appliance should be protected by a suitably rated and approved HBC mains fuse: refer to the rating information on the equipment and/or user instructions for details. As a guide, a cable of 0.75mm^2 should be protected by a 3A or 5A fuse. Larger conductors would normally require 13A types, depending on the connection method used.

Any exposed wiring from a cable, plug or connection that is engaged in a live socket is extremely hazardous. If a cable or plug is deemed hazardous, turn off the mains power and remove the cable, any fuses and fuse assemblies. All hazardous wiring must be immediately destroyed and replaced in accordance to the above standard.

GETTING STARTED

This chapter describes the instrument in a nutshell, including its main features and front / rear panel introduction.

PCS-1000/PCS-1000I Overview

The PCS-1000 & PCS-1000I uses five high-precision shunt resistors as the basis for accurate current and voltage measurements. The 5 shunt ranges are 0.001Ω, 0.01Ω, 0.1Ω, 1Ω, 10Ω with a current measurement range of 300A, 30A, 3A, 300mA and 30mA, respectively.

Main Features

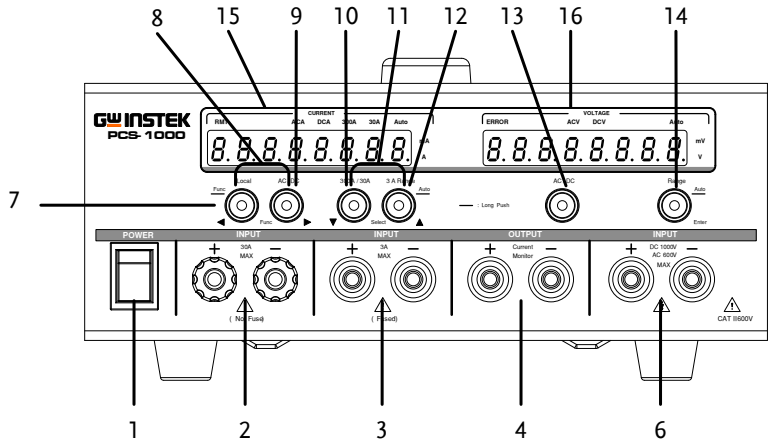
Performance	• Wide DC/AC voltage range (200mV ~ 600VAC/1000VDC) • Wide AC/DC current range (30mA ~ 300A) • Low drift at all ranges • Low temperature coefficients
Features	• Shunts: 0.001Ω, 0.01Ω, 0.1Ω, 1Ω, 10Ω • Current Meter (6 1/2 digits current meter) • Voltage Meter (6 1/2 digits voltage meter) • Current Monitor • Voltage and current can be measured at the same time.
Interface	• USB • GPIB

Accessories

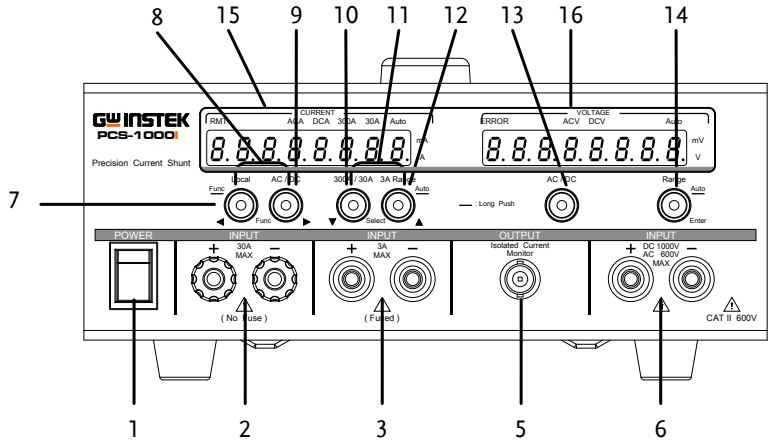
Standard Accessories	Part number	Description
	CD ROM	User manual
		Quick start guide
	Region dependant	Power cord
	GTL-105A	Alligator clip test leads (3A max): 1x red, 1x black
	GTL-207	Banana plug test leads: 1x red, 1x black
	GTL-240	USB Cable
	PCS-001	Basic Accessory Kit:
		Bolt HMS M8*16 x2 Nut hexagon M8*0.75P x2 Spring washer M8 8.4*13.7*1.5T x2 Plain washer M8 8.4*16*1.6T x2
Optional Accessories	**Part number**	**Description**
	GRA-419-J	Rack mount adapter (JIS)
	GRA-419-E	Rack mount adapter (EIA)

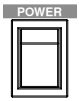
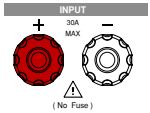
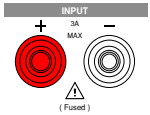
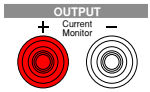
Appearance

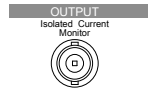
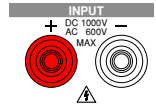
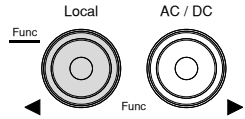
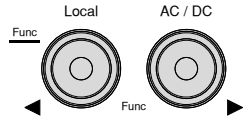
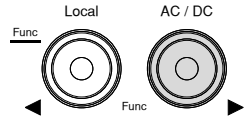
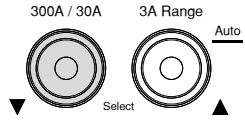
Front Panel - PCS-1000

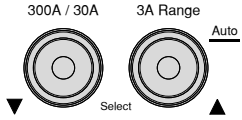
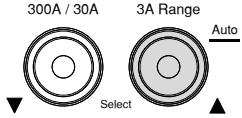
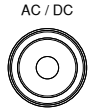
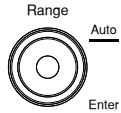


Front Panel - PCS-1000I

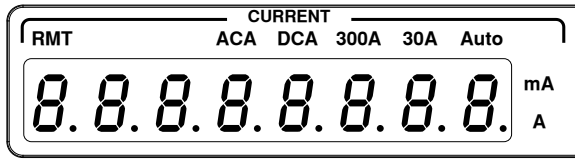


1. Power Switch		Turn on or off the main power.
2. AC/DC 30A Terminal		Accepts DC/AC. 30A maximum current input. ⚠ Warning: The maximum voltage difference between the negative terminal and earth cannot exceed 500Vpeak.
3. AC/DC 3A Terminal		Accepts DC/AC. 3A maximum current input. Internally, there is a fuse which protects the instrument from over current: Fuse Rating: T3.5A, 600V ⚠ Note: If the fuse is damaged, please contact your dealer or a GW Instek service center to replace the fuse. ⚠ Warning: The maximum voltage difference between the negative terminal and earth cannot exceed 500Vpeak.
4. Current Monitor Sensor (PCS-1000)		Current Monitor Output. Range 0~300mV (0~full scale of selected input range).

5. Current Monitor Sensor (PCS-1000I)		Isolated Current Monitor Output. Range 0~3V (0~full scale of selected input range).
6. AC/DC Voltage Terminal		Accepts DC 1000V or AC 600V maximum voltage input. ⚠ Warning: The maximum voltage difference between the negative terminal and earth cannot exceed 500Vpeak.
7. Local Func (long push)		Local: Press to switch to local mode. Func: Long push to enter the Function menu. The Function menu is used to configure the instrument.
8. ◀ Func ▶		Use the Func arrows keys to scroll through each function when in the Function menu.
9. AC/DC (Current)		Selects DC or AC current measurement.
10. 300A/30A		Manually select the 300A or 30A measurement range.

11. ▼ Select ▲		Use the Select arrow keys to edit parameter values when in the Function menu.
12. 3A Range		3A Range: Manually Select the 30mA, 300mA, or 3A measurement range.
Auto (long push)		Auto: Long push to automatically select 30mA, 300mA or 3A measurement ranges.
13. AC/DC (Voltage)		Selects DC or AC voltage measurement.
14. Range		Manually select the voltage measurement range: DC: 200mV, 2V, 20V, 200V, 1000V AC: 200mV, 2V, 20V, 200V, 600V
Enter		Secondary function that confirms selections when in the Function menu.
Auto (long push)		Voltage auto range.

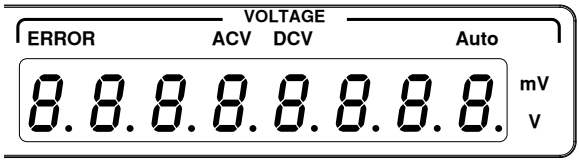
15. Current Meter



Displays current measurement.

RMT	The RMT icon will turn on when the instrument is in remote mode.
ACA	AC current measurement mode indicator.
DCA	DC current measurement mode indicator.
300A	300A measurement range indicator. Equivalent to choosing the rear panel 300A terminal.
30A	30A measurement range indicator. Equivalent to choosing the front panel 30A terminal.
Auto	Autorange indicator for the 30mA, 300mA and 3A ranges. If the Autorange indicator is off, then that indicates that the range has been manually selected.
mA	Milliamp unit indicator.
A	Ampere unit indicator.

16. Voltage Meter

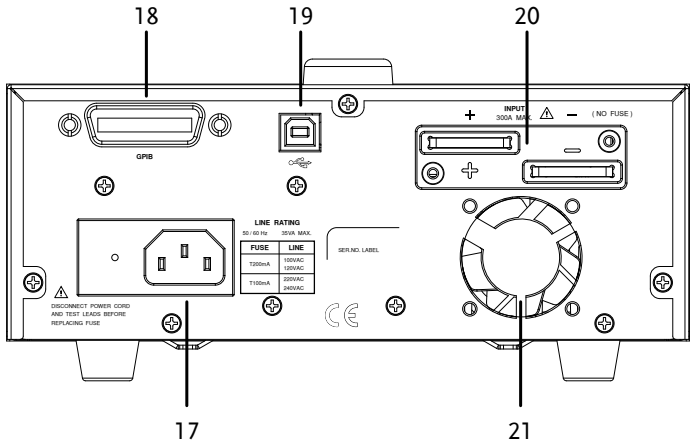


Displays voltage measurement.

ERROR	Indicates an interface error. The SYSTem:ERRor? query can be used to read back error messages. See page 89 and 76 for details.
ACV	AC voltage measurement mode indicator.
DCV	DC voltage measurement mode indicator.
Auto	Autorange indicator. If the Auto indicator is off, then that indicates that the range has been manually selected.
mV	Millivolt unit indicator.
V	Volt unit indicator.

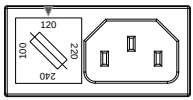
⚠ Warning: For the 3A, 30A and 300A terminals on the front and rear panels, the maximum voltage difference between the negative terminal and earth cannot exceed 500Vpeak.

Rear Panel (PCS-1000 & PCS-1000I)



17. Power Cord Socket

    Fuse Socket



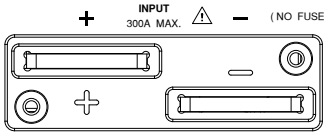
Accepts the power cord.
Input: AC 100/120/220/240V ±10%
Line frequency: 50Hz/60Hz
Power: 35VA Max
Fuse rating: T200mA, 250V for AC 100/120V; T100mA, 250V for AC 220/240V

18. GPIB Communication Port

GPIB used for remote control.

19. USB Communication Port

USB B device port. Used for remote control and firmware update.

20. AC/DC 300A Terminal		Accepts AC/DC. 300A maximum current input.
21. Fan	Temperature controlled fan.	

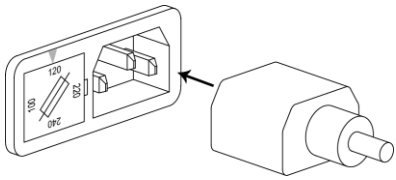
OPERATION

Set Up

Power Up

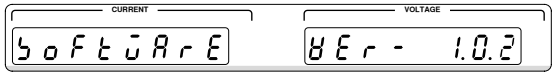
Steps

1. Connect the power cord to the rear panel socket.



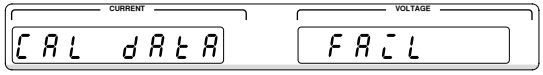
2. Press the power switch.

   The unit will perform a calibration data and ROM check and then display the software version momentarily before it is ready to be used.



Note

In the event the calibration data and ROM check fails, CAL DATA FAIL will be displayed on the screen, as shown below. If the calibration data and ROM check fails, return the unit to an authorized GW Instek service center.



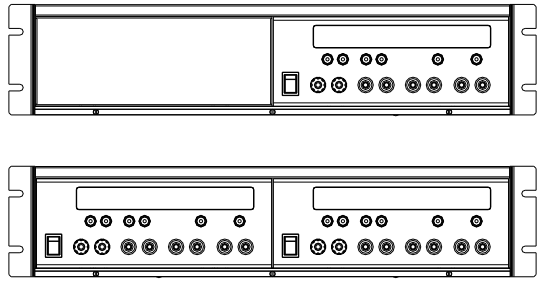
Note: The CAL DATA FAIL message will remain on the display until it is cleared. Press any key to clear the error message.

Rack Mount

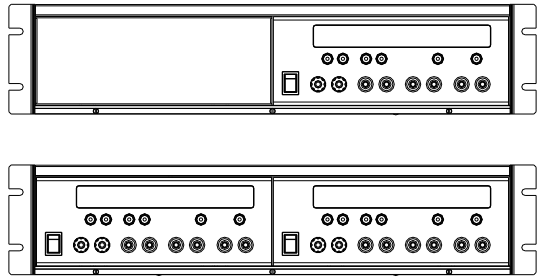
Background

The PCS-1000/PCS-1000I has two types of the racks, GRA-419-E and the GRA-419-J for the EIA and JIS standards, respectively. Both types of the racks are 2U height racks and can fit 1 or 2 units. See the GRA-419 assembly manual for details.

GRA-419-E



GRA-419-J



Wire Gauge Considerations

Background

Before connecting the input terminals to a current/voltage source, the wire gauge of the cables should be considered.

It is essential that the current capacity of the cables is adequate. The rating of the cables must equal or exceed the maximum current input for the selected range.

Recommended wire gauge

Wire Gauge (AWG)	Nominal Cross Section (mm^2)	Maximum Current (A)
20	0.5	9
18	1	13
16	1.5	18
14	2.5	24
12	4	34
10	6	45
8	10	64
6	16	88
4	25	120
2	32	145
1	50	190
00	70	240
000	95	290
0000	120	340

WARNING

Withstand voltage wire recommendations

As the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I is a CAT II instrument, please ensure that the insulation capacity of the test cables exceed the DUT output voltage when performing current measurement.

Input Terminals

Background

There are 3 terminals for the 300A, 30A and 3A/300mA/30mA ranges, respectively.

The 300A range uses the rear panel terminals and uses M8 crimped terminal cables.

The 30A range uses the 30A terminal and uses M4 sized crimped terminal cables or banana plugs.

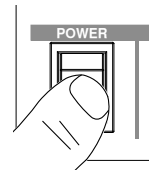
The 3A input terminal uses standard banana plugs (GW Instek part number GTL-105A). The 3A terminal supports 3A, 30mA and 300mA ranges.

⚠ WARNING

Ensure any current or voltage sources are disabled before connecting any cables to the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I.

Steps

1. Turn the power switch off.

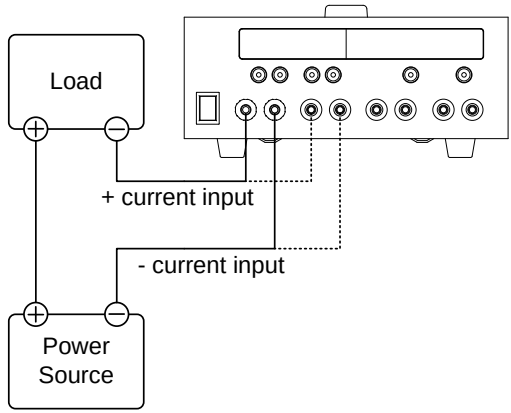


2. Connect the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I in series with the load and source. The current monitor output can be used in conjunction with a voltage meter. Page 19

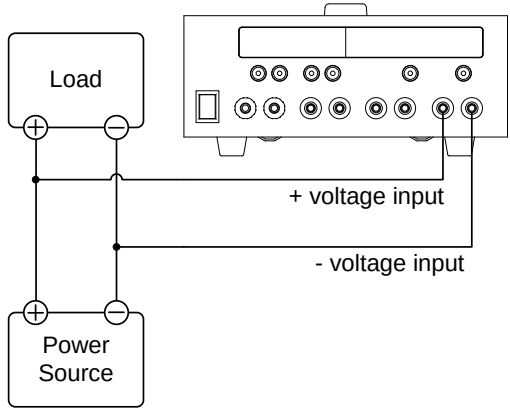
⚠ WARNING:

Do not short the positive or negative 3A, 30A and 300A terminals.

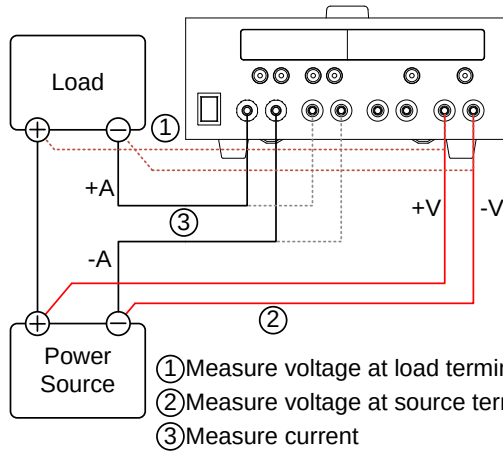
Current Meter Connection



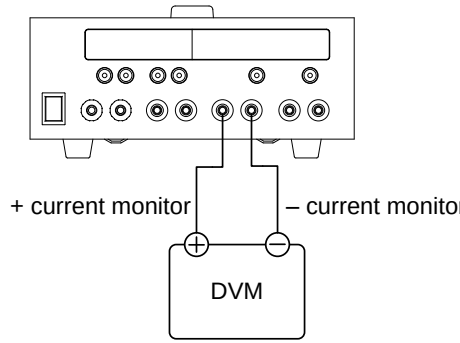
Voltage Meter Connection



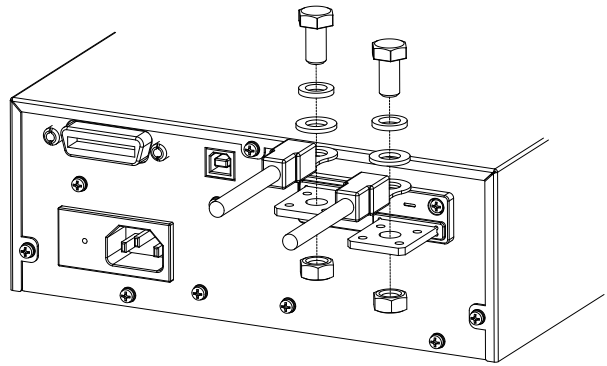
Voltage + Current Meter Connection



Current Monitor



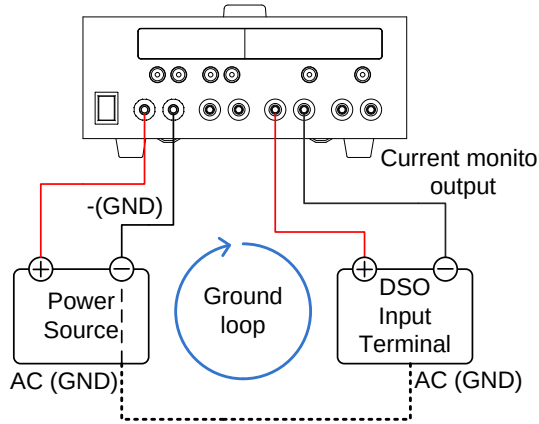
Rear Panel Terminals



PCS-1000 Current Monitor Output Usage Warning

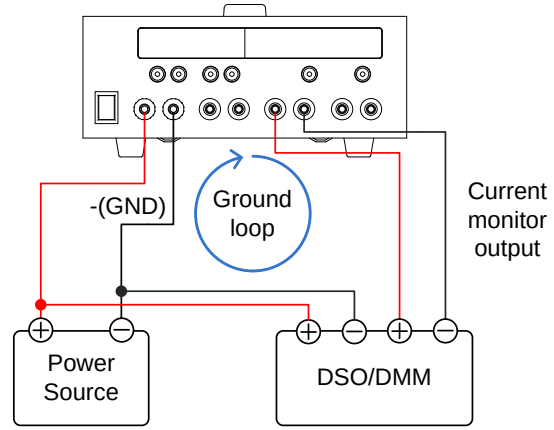
⚠ Warning	Connecting equipment to the current monitor that is not floating, such as a DSO, can interfere with measurement results.
Background	There are two common ground loops that can occur when using the PCS-1000 current monitor output. Power Supply Line Common Ground Loop: If the power source of the circuit and the device connected to the current monitor output are both grounded, a ground loop is created as there are two different return paths to earth. Measurement Ground Loop: If there are two different return paths to the circuit's low potential, a measurement ground loop is created.

Example 1:
Power Supply Line Common Ground Loop



Solution: Break the ground loop by removing one of the ground paths. In the example above, the power supply negative terminal can be decoupled from the earth ground (floating).

Example 2:
Measurement Ground Loop



Solution: Use measurement instruments with isolated terminals or ensure all equipment is floating.

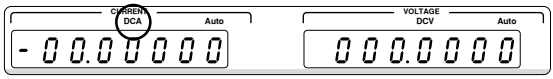
NOTE

Using the PCS-1000I is recommended for any of the above scenarios as the current monitor output terminal is isolated.

Basic Operation

Selecting AC/DC Current

Background	AC or DC current can be measured when in measurement mode.
Steps	1. Press the *AC/DC* key under the CURRENT meter current display to toggle between AC and DC current measurement. 2. The ACA or DCA indicator will be shown on the display.



Selecting the Current Range

Background	There are 5 selectable current ranges. The range can be manually or automatically selected. Selecting a current range will also select the corresponding the input terminal.
300A/30A	Press the *300/30A* key to toggle between the 300A and 30A ranges (as indicated on the display). The 300A range will select the 300A terminal. The 30A range will select the 30A terminal.
3A	Press the *3A Range* key toggle between the 30mA, 300mA and 3A ranges. Selecting the 3A, 30mA or 300mA range will select the 3A terminal.

Note	The selected range is indicated by the displayed unit (A or mA) and the number of significant digits before the decimal place: 3A: Unit=A; 1 significant digit 30mA: Unit=mA; 2 signicant digits 300mA: Uni=mA; 3 significant digits
Autorange	Long push the *Auto* (*3A Range*) key to select autorange. Auto will be displayed in the CURRENT display when autorange is active. The autorange function is only applicable for the 3A, 30mA and 300mA ranges. Autorange is not supported for the 30A and 300A ranges. 
Note	Autorange will also be automatically selected when switching from 300A/30A to 3A.

Selecting AC/DC Voltage

Background	AC or DC voltage can be measured.
Steps	1. Press the *AC/DC* key under the VOLTAGE meter display to toggle between AC and DC voltage measurement. 2. The ACV or DCV indicator will be shown on the display. 

Selecting the Voltage Range

Background	There are 5 selectable voltage ranges. The range can be manually or automatically selected.
Manual Ranges	Press the *Range* key to cycle between each voltage range.

ACV:	200mV, 2V, 20V, 200V, 600V
DCV:	200mV, 2V, 20V, 200V, 1000V

Note

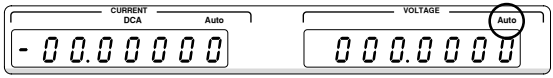
The selected range is indicated by the displayed unit (V or mV) and the number of significant digits before the decimal place:

200mV: Unit=mV; 3 significant digits
2V: Unit=V; 1 significant digit
20V: Unit=V; 2 significant digits
200V: Unit=V; 3 significant digits
AC 600V: Unit=V; 3 significant digits
DC 1000V: Unit=V; 4 significant digits

Autorange

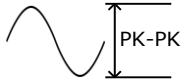
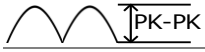
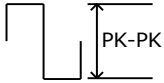
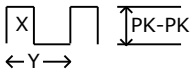
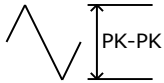
Long push the *Auto* key to select autorange.

Auto will be displayed in the VOLTAGE display when autorange is active.



Voltage Range Conversion Table

This table shows the relationship between AC and DC readings in various waveforms.

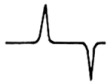
Waveform	Peak to Peak	AC (True RMS)	DC
Sine 	2.828	1.000	0.000
Rectified Sine (full wave) 	1.414	0.435	0.900
Rectified Sine (half wave) 	2.000	0.771	0.636
Square 	2.000	1.000	0.000
Rectified Square 	1.414	0.707	0.707
Rectangular Pulse 	2.000	2K K=$\sqrt{(D-D^{2})}$ D=X/Y	2D D=X/Y
Triangle Sawtooth 	3.464	1.000	0.000

Crest Factor Table

Crest factor is the ratio of the peak signal amplitude to the RMS value of the signal. It determines the accuracy of AC measurement.

If the crest factor is less than 3.0, voltage measurement will not result in error due to dynamic range limitations at full scale.

If the crest factor is more than 3.0, it usually indicates an abnormal waveform as seen from the below table.

Waveform	Shape	Crest factor
Square wave		1.0
Sine wave		1.414
Triangle sawtooth		1.732
Mixed frequencies		1.414 ~ 2.0
SCR output 100% ~ 10%		1.414 ~ 3.0
White noise		3.0 ~ 4.0
AC Coupled pulse train		>3.0
Spike		>9.0

Using the Current Monitor Output

Background

The current monitor is used to measure the voltage drop across the shunt resistors manually.

For the PCS-1000, the current monitor outputs the full scale current input (for the selected range) as a voltage of **0~300mV**.

For the PCS-1000I, the current monitor outputs the full scale current input (for the selected range) as a voltage of **0 ~ 3V**.

Shunt Values

Range	Shunt
30 mA	10Ω
300 mA	1Ω
3 A	0.1Ω
30 A	0.01Ω
300 A	0.001Ω

Steps

1. Set the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I for normal operation, as described previously in this chapter, page 24~28.

   Make note of the range used and the shunt that is used for that range.

2. Connect the current monitor output to a DVM.

3. We can determine the current input (I_Input) using the following formula:

$$IMON\_V = \frac{I\_Input}{I\_Range} \times IMON\_fullscale\_range$$

PCS-1000 Example:
If we are using the 3A current range, the current monitor outputs 150mV and we know the PCS-1000 IMON full scale output is 300mV, then:

$$150mV = \frac{I\_Input}{3A} \times 300mV$$

$$I\_Input = \frac{150mV}{300mV} \times 3A = 1.5\text{A}$$

PCS-1000I Example:
If we are using the 3A current range, the current monitor outputs 150mV and we know the PCS-1000I IMON full scale output is 3V, then:

$$150mV = \frac{I\_Input}{3A} \times 3V$$

$$I\_Input = \frac{150mV}{3V} \times 3A = 0.15\text{A}$$

How to Use the Function Menu

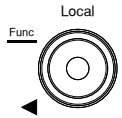
Background

The function menu allows you to view the software information, set the remote settings, the DCV, ACV, DCA, ACA averaging settings and other settings.

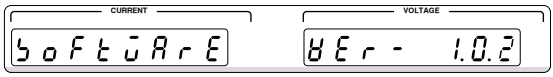
Menu Item	Range/Description
Software Version	Displays the software version on the display.
Factory Default	Load the default settings.
USB to Serial Port Baud Rate	115200, 57600, 38400, 19200, 9600, 4800
GPIB Address	00 ~ 30
AD Speed (measurement resolution)	7 reading/sec, 30 reading/sec, 100 reading/sec
AVG Mode	SHIFT, TOTAL
DCV AVG	01 ~ 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
ACV AVG	01 ~ 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
DCA AVG	01 ~ 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
ACA AVG	01 ~ 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
Auto Zero	Enable, Disable
Beeper	On, Off
Save Func Set	Saves the settings in the function menus.
Exit Func Set	Exits the function menu.

Steps

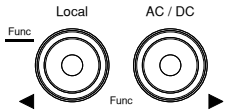
1. Press and long push the *Func* key.



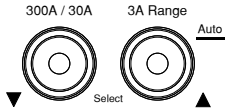
The software version will be displayed first.



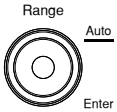
2. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to scroll through the menu items.



3. Use the ▼*Select* ▲ keys to choose the parameter for the selected menu item.



4. Press the *Enter* key to set the parameter and go to the next menu item.



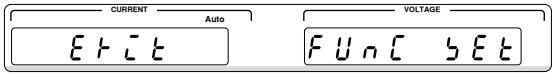
Save Setup

To save the settings use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to *SAVE FUNC SET*.

Press the *Enter* key to save all the settings and exit the function menu.

Exit Without Saving

To exit without saving, navigate to the *EXIT FUNC SET* menu using the ◄ *Func* ► keys and press the *Enter* key to exit without saving any settings.

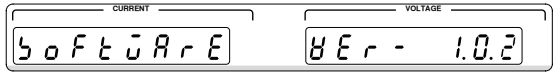


Note

If the settings in the function menu are not saved, then the settings will only apply until the unit is reset.

⚠ Note	The display uses a 7 segment LED display. The appendix has an ASCII Table if you have trouble understanding the characters on the LED display character set. See page 90.

View the Software Version

Background	The display will show the software version.
Display	
Steps	Long push the *Func* key. The software version is displayed on the screen (it is the first item in the function menu).
Exit	To exit, use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to change the menu to the *EXIT FUNC SET* menu item. Press the *Enter* key to exit.

Default Settings

Background	The Factory Default function will restore the default settings.

Steps

1. Long push the *Func* key.

   The function menu will appear.

1. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to the *FACTORY DEFAULT* menu.

2. Press the *Enter* key to set the mode.

   See page 90 for a list of the default settings.

Setting the USB-UART Baud Rate

Background	The baud rate settings are used for remote control via the USB B port. The USB B connection uses a virtual COM port to simulate a serial port (UART) connection. The baud rate can be set to 115200, 57600, 38400, 19200, 9600, 4800. See the Communication Interface chapter on page 44 chapter for details on remote control.
⚠ Note	The USB driver needs to be installed for the baud rate settings to be applicable. See page 50 for details.

Steps

1. Long push the *Func* key.

   The function menu will appear.

2. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to the *BAUDRATE* settings.

3. Use the ▼*Select* ▲ keys to select a baud rate. Press the *Enter* key to set the baud rate.

4. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to change the menu to the *SAVE FUNC SET* menu item. Press the *Enter* key to save.

⚠ Note	To exit without saving, navigate to the *EXIT FUNC SET* menu using the ◄ *Func* ► keys and press the *Enter* key to exit without saving any settings.

Setting the GPIB Address

Background	The GPIB port is used for remote control. The GPIB address can be set between 00 ~ 30. See the Communication Interface chapter on page 44 chapter for details on remote control.
Steps	1. Long push the *Func* key. The function menu will appear. 2. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to the *ADDRESS* settings. 3. Use the ▼*Select* ▲ keys to select the GPIB address. Press the *Enter* key to set the address. 4. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to the *SAVE FUNC SET* menu item. Press the *Enter* key to save.
Note	To exit without saving, navigate to the *EXIT FUNC SET* menu using the ◄ *Func* ► keys and press the *Enter* key to exit without saving any settings.

Setting the AD Speed

Background

The ADC IC speed has a number of settings. The higher the setting, the lower the accuracy and resolution of the meter.

Range: Reading/sec(resolution): 7, 30, 100

Steps

1. Long push the *Func* key.

   The function menu will appear.

2. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to the *AD SPEED* menu.

3. Use the ▼*Select* ▲ keys to select the AD speed. Press the *Enter* key to set the speed.

   By default the AD Speed is set to 7 (6½ digits).

4. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to the *SAVE FUNC SET* menu item. Press the *Enter* key to save.

Note

To exit without saving, navigate to the *EXIT FUNC SET* menu using the ◄ *Func* ► keys and press the *Enter* key to exit without saving any settings.

Setting the Averaging Mode

Background

There are two different types of averaging modes, SHIFT or TOTAL.

SHIFT is a box car averaging mode while TOTAL will average all the collected samples to get the average value.

Range	SHIFT, TOTAL

Steps

1. Long push the *Func* key.

   The function menu will appear.

2. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to the *AVG MODE* menu.

3. Use the ▼*Select* ▲ keys to select the Averaging Mode. Press the *Enter* key to set the mode.

   By default the average mode is set to SHIFT.

4. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to the *SAVE FUNC SET* menu item. Press the *Enter* key to save.

Note

To exit without saving, navigate to the *EXIT FUNC SET* menu using the ◄ *Func* ► keys and press the *Enter* key to exit without saving any settings.

Setting the Averaging Number for the DCV/ACV/DCA/ACA

Background

Each of the different measurement modes (DCV, ACV, DCA, ACA) can have the number of averages set individually.

Range 01 ~ 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100

Steps

1. Long push the *Func* key.

   The function menu will appear.

2. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to the *DCV AVG, ACV AVG, DCA AVG or ACA AVG* menu.

3. Use the ▼*Select* ▲ keys to select the number of averages for the selected mode. Press the *Enter* key to set the mode.

   By default the number of averages is 10.

4. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to the *SAVE FUNC SET* menu item. Press the *Enter* key to save.

Note

To exit without saving, navigate to the *EXIT FUNC SET* menu using the ◄ *Func* ► keys and press the *Enter* key to exit without saving any settings.

Setting the Autozero Function

Background	The Autozero function will automatically perform a zero calibration when the unit is turned on.
	Range Enable, Disable

Steps

1. Long push the *Func* key.

   The function menu will appear.

2. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to the *AUTOZERO* menu.

3. Use the ▼*Select* ▲ keys to enable autozero. Press the *Enter* key to set the mode.

   By default the Autozero is already enabled.

4. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to the *SAVE FUNC SET* menu item. Press the *Enter* key to save.

Note

To exit without saving, navigate to the *EXIT FUNC SET* menu using the ◄ *Func* ► keys and press the *Enter* key to exit without saving any settings.

Beeper Settings

Background	The beeper sound that is used for key presses and other system sounds can be turned on or off using this menu.
	Range On, Off
Steps	1. Long push the *Func* key. The function menu will appear. 2. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to the *BEEPER* menu. 3. Use the ▼*Select* ▲ keys to the beeper on or off. Press the *Enter* key to set the mode. By default the beeper sound is turned on. 4. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to navigate to the *SAVE FUNC SET* menu item. Press the *Enter* key to save.
⚠ Note	To exit without saving, navigate to the *EXIT FUNC SET* menu using the ◄ *Func* ► keys and press the *Enter* key to exit without saving any settings.

COMMUNICATION INTERFACE

This chapter describes basic configuration of IEEE488.2 based remote control.

Interface Configuration

Configure GPIB Interface

To use GPIB the GPIB address must first be set.

Configure GPIB

1. Connect the GPIB cable from the GPIB controller to the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I.
2. Turn the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I on.
3. Long push *Func* key to enter the function menu. Page 33
4. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to go to the *ADDRESS* function.
5. Select the address using the ▼*Select* ▲ keys.
   GPIB Address 00~30
6. Press the *Enter* key to confirm the selection.

Note

RMT will be displayed on the screen when the unit is remote mode.

GPIB constraints

- Maximum 14 devices altogether, 20m cable length, 2m between each device
- Unique address assigned to each device
- At least 2/3 of the devices turned On
- No loop or parallel connection

GPIB Function Check

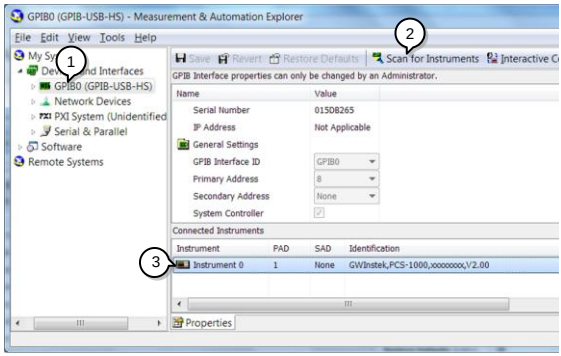
Background	To test the GPIB functionality, National Instruments Measurement and Automation Explorer can be used. This program is available on the NI website, www.ni.com, via a search for the VISA Run-time Engine page, or "downloads" at the following URL, http://www.ni.com/visa/
Requirements	Operating System: Windows XP, 7, 8
Functionality check	1. Start the NI Measurement and Automation Explorer (MAX) program. Using Windows, press: *Start*>*All Programs*>*National Instruments*>*Measurement & Automation*

1. From the Configuration panel access;

   My System>Devices and Interfaces>GPIBX (where X is the GPIB card number that is connected to the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I).

2. Click *Scan for Instruments.*

3. Double click on the *Instrument 0* icon.



4. Click on *Communicate with Instrument*.

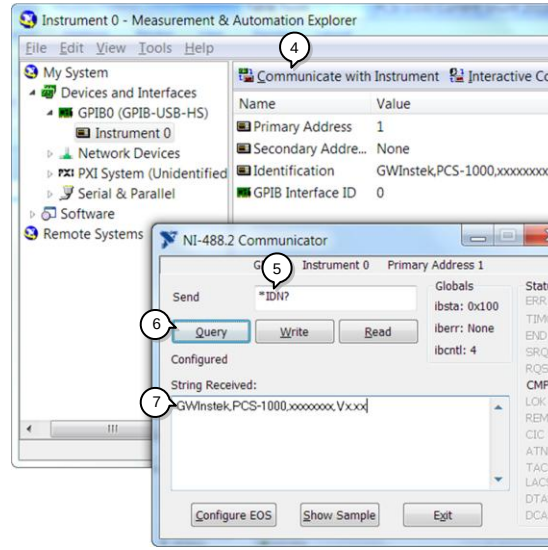
5. In the communicator window that appears, ensure **IDN?* is written in the *Send* test box.

6. Click on the *Query* button to send the *IDN? query to the instrument.

7. The following string should be returned:

   GWInstek, PCS-1000, xxxxxxxxx, Vx.xx

   (Manufacturer, model, serial, software version)



209.1711 mm.

USB Driver Installation

Background	The USB driver is actually a virtual COM port driver that simulates a serial port (UART) connection. Note: The USB driver should not need to be manually installed if your operating system has been fully updated. In most cases, the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I driver should be automatically installed when connected to the PC. If the driver is not automatically detected, or if your operating system is not fully updated, it may be necessary to install the USB driver, as shown below.
Requirements	Operating System: Windows XP, Vista, 7, 8, 8.1
Note	The following installation instructions only apply if the USB driver does not get automatically installed.

Steps

1. Connect the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I to a PC using the USB Type A-Type B cable (GTL-240).
2. The Windows *Found New Hardware* wizard should pop up asking you to install the device driver.
3. Select *Locate and install driver software*.
4. You will now be asked to insert a disk that contains the USB driver.

   Insert the User Manual CD. Windows will automatically install the USB driver.

   Note: If the Windows Security pop-up appears,

choose *Install this driver software anyway*.

5. PCS-1000 will now become available in the device tree under *PORTS (COM & LPT)* in the Windows Device Manager.

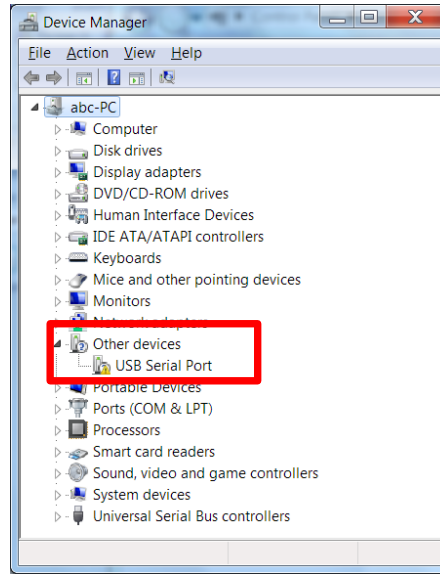
Alternate Installation

If the Found New Hardware wizard does not appear or you wish to install the driver from another location, the driver can be also installed from the Windows Device Manager.

1. Open the Windows Device Manager. Using Windows 7, press:

   Start>Control Panel>Hardware and Sound>Device Manager

2. From the device tree go to: *Other devices>USB Serial Port*



The yellow error sign indicates that a driver has not been installed.

3. Right-click USB Serial Port and select *Update Driver Software*.

   Select *Browse my computer for driver software* when prompted.

   Select the directory with the USB drivers from the User Manual CD when prompted.

   Note: If the Windows Security pop-up appears, choose *Install this driver software anyway*.

4. PCS-1000 will now become available in the device tree under *PORTS (COM & LPT)*.

⚠ Note

If required, the USB drivers can be downloaded from http://www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/VCP.htm.

If the drivers are downloaded, they can be installed using the Alternate Installation method described on the previous page.

USB Interface Settings

Baud Rate Settings

1. Connect the USB cable from the PC to the rear panel USB-B port on the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I.
2. Turn the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I on.
3. Long push *Func* key to enter the function menu. Page 33
4. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to go to the *BAUDRATE* function.

5. Select the baud rate using the ▼*Select* ▲ keys.

Baud Rate	4800, 9600(default), 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200

6. Press the *Enter* key to confirm the selection.

7. Use the ◄ *Func* ► keys to go to the *SAVE FUNC SET* function.

8. Press the *Enter* key to save the baud rate settings.

Edit UART Settings

1. Connect the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I to the PC using the GTL-240 USB cable.

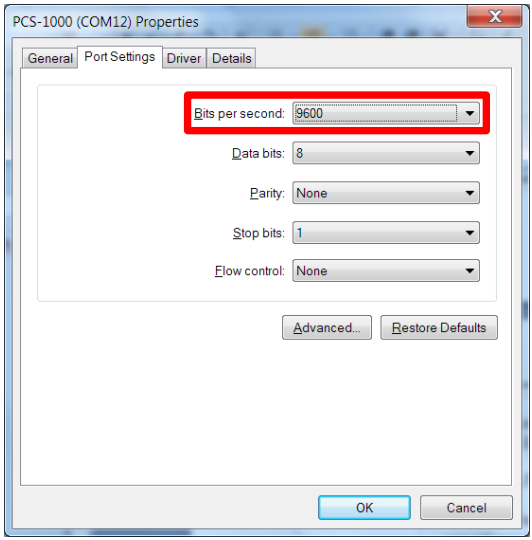
2. Open the Windows Device Manager, using Windows 7, click:

   Start>*Control Panel*>*Hardware and Sound*>*Device Manager*:

3. In the device tree go to: PORTS (COM & LPT)>PCS-1000 (COM XX)

4. Right-click PCS-1000 and select Properties.

5. Go to the Port Settings tab and from there you can set any other UART settings such as data bits, parity, number of stop bits and the flow control.


PCS-1000 (COM12) Properties
General
Port Settings
Driver
Details
Bits per second: 9600
Data bits: 8
Parity: None
Stop bits: 1
Flow control: None
Advanced...
Restore Defaults
OK
Cancel

USB Function Check

Background	To test the USB functionality, National Instruments Measurement and Automation Explorer can be used. This program is available on the NI website, www.ni.com, via a search for the VISA Run-time Engine page, or "downloads" at the following URL, http://www.ni.com/visa/
Requirements	Operating System: Windows XP, 7, 8, 8.1
Functionality check	1. Open the Windows Device Manager to see which COM port the PCS has been assigned. Using Windows 7, press: *Start>Control Panel>Hardware and Sound>Device Manager* The COM port number will be shown in the device tree under: *PORTS (COM & LPT)>PCS-1000 (COM XX)* 2. Start the NI Measurement and Automation Explorer (MAX) program. Using Windows, press: *Start>All Programs>National Instruments>Measurement & Automation*

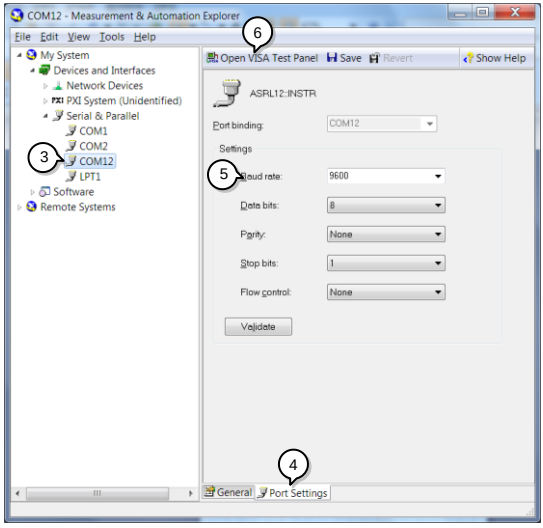
3. From the Configuration panel access;

   My System>*Devices and Interfaces*>*Serial & Parallel*>*COMX* (where X is the COM port number assigned to the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I).

4. Click on the *Port Settings* tab at the bottom.

5. Make sure the *Baud rate* settings are correct (default = 9600 baud).

6. Click on *Open Visa Test Panel*.



7. Click on *Input/Output*.

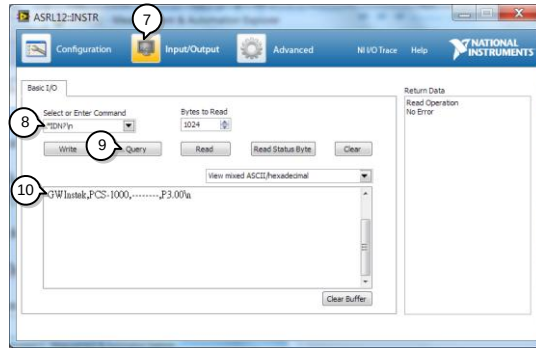
8. In the *Select or Enter Command* drop down list, ensure *IDN?\n is selected.

9. Click on the Query button to send the *IDN? query to the instrument.

10. The following string should be returned:

    GWInstek, PCS-1000, xxxxxxxxx, Vx.xx

    (Manufacturer, model, serial, software version)



Return to Local Operation

Steps

1. Press the *Local* key to return to local operation.

2. The RMT icon will turn off when you have returned to local mode.

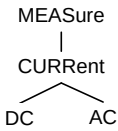
Command Syntax

Compatible Standard	IEEE488.2	Partial compatibility
	SCPI, 1999	Partial compatibility

Command Structure

SCPI commands follow a tree-like structure, organized into nodes. Each level of the command tree is a node. Each keyword in a SCPI command represents each node in the command tree. Each keyword (node) of a SCPI command is separated by a colon (:).

For example, the diagram below shows an SCPI sub-structure and a command example.



MEASure:CURRent:DC?

Command types

There are a number of different instrument commands and queries. A command sends instructions or data to the unit and a query receives data or status information from the unit.

Command types

Simple	A single command with/without a parameter
Example	*IDN?

Query	A query is a simple or compound command followed by a question mark (?). A parameter (data) is returned.
Example	meas:curr:dc?
Compound	Two or more commands on the same command line. Compound commands are separated with either a semi-colon (;) or a semi-colon and a colon (;:). A semi-colon is used to join two related commands, with the caveat that the last command must begin at the last node of the first command. A semi-colon and colon are used to combine two commands from different nodes.
Example	conf:curr?;:meas:volt:dc?

Command Forms

Commands and queries have two different forms, long and short. The command syntax is written with the short form of the command in capitals and the remainder (long form) in lower case.

The commands can be written in capitals or lower-case, just so long as the short or long forms are complete. An incomplete command will not be recognized.

Below are examples of correctly written commands.

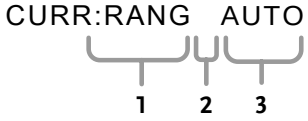
Long form	CONFigure:VOLTage? CONFIGURE:VOLTAGE? configure:voltage?
Short form	CONF:VOLT? conf:volt?

Square Brackets

Commands that contain square brackets indicate that the contents are optional. The function of the command is the same with or without the square bracketed items, as shown below.

For "MEASure:CURRent[:DC]?", both "MEASure:CURRent:DC?" and "MEASure:CURRent?" are both valid forms.

Command Format



1. Command header
2. Space
3. Parameter 1

Parameters

Type	Description	Example
<Boolean>	Boolean logic	0, 1
<NR1>	integers	0, 1, 2, 3

	<NR2>	decimal numbers	0.1, 3.14, 8.5
	<NR3>	floating point	4.5e-1, 8.25e+1
	<NRf>	any of NR1, 2, 3	1, 1.5, 4.5e-1
	<block data>	Definitive length arbitrary block data. A single decimal digit followed by data. The decimal digit specifies how many 8-bit data bytes follow.	
Message Terminator	LF	Line feed code	

Command List

Configure Commands

CONFigure

→(Query)

Description	The CONFigure query will return both the current and voltage configuration as a string.	
Query Syntax	CONFigure?	
Return Parameter	<string>	Current mode, range unit, voltage mode, range unit.
Query Example	CONF? >"CURR:DC 0.01,VOLT:DC 0.1"	

⚠ Note

The range that is returned is the base unit. See the table below:

Unit	Voltage Range	Current Range
1000	1000VDC	N/A
600	600ACV	N/A
100	200V	300A
10	20V	30A
1	2V	3A
0.1	200mV	300mA
0.01	N/A	30mA

CONFigure:CURRent → Query

Description	The CONFigure:CURRent query will return the current range unit.	
Query Syntax	CONFigure:CURRent?	
Return Parameter	<string>	Returns the current mode and range unit.
Query Example	CONF:CURR? > "DC 0.01"	

Note

The range that is returned is the base unit. See the table below:

Unit	Current Range
100	300A
10	30A
1	3A
0.1	300mA
0.01	30mA

CONFigure:CURRent[:DC] → Set

Description	This command will set the current mode to DC and set the range. If the range is not specified, then it will not change.	
Syntax	CONFigure:CURRent[:DC] [<Range> | AUTO]	
Parameter	<Range>	Current range <NRf>: 0.00000001~305 The unit will automatically be set to the closest range.
	AUTO	Autorange; Only applicable for the ≤3A ranges. Autorange is not supported for the 30A and 300A ranges.

Example	CONF:CURR 20 Sets the current mode to DC and the range to 30A
Example	CONF:CURR Sets the current mode to DC. The range is not changed.

CONFigure:CURRent:AC (Set)

Description	This command will set current mode to AC and set the range. If the range is not specified, then it will not change.	
Syntax	CONFigure:CURRent:AC [<Range> | AUTO]	
Parameter	<Range>	Current range <NRf>: 0.00000001~305 Current range. The unit will automatically be set to the closest range.
	AUTO	Autorange; Only applicable for the ≤3A ranges. Autorange is not supported for the 30A and 300A ranges.
Example	CONF:CURR:AC 100 Sets the current mode to AC and the range to 300A.	
Example	CONF:CURR:AC Sets the current mode to AC. The range is not changed.	

CONFigure:VOLTage (Query)

Description	The CONFigure:VOLTage query will return the voltage mode and the voltage range unit.	
Query Syntax	CONFigure:VOLTage?	
Return Parameter	<string>	Returns the voltage mode and range unit.

Query Example	CONF:VOLT? >"DC 0.1" The mode is DCV and the range is 200mV.
⚠ Note	The range that is returned is the base voltage unit. See the table below:

Unit	Voltage Range
1000	1000VDC
600	600ACV
100	200V
10	20V
1	2V
0.1	200mV

CONFigure:VOLTage[:DC]

Set ⟶

Description	This command will set the voltage mode to DC and set the DCV range. If the range is not specified then it will not be changed.
Syntax	CONFigure:VOLTage[:DC] [<Range> | AUTO]
Parameter	<Range> Voltage range <NRf>: 0.0000001 ~ 1050 The unit will automatically be set to the closest range. AUTO Autoset
Example	CONF:VOLT:DC 20 Sets the voltage mode to DC and the DCV range to 20V.
Example	CONF:VOLT:DC Sets the voltage mode to DC. The range stays the same.

CONFigure:VOLTage:AC

Set →

Description	This command will set the voltage mode to AC and set the ACV range. If the range is not specified then it will not be changed.	
Syntax	CONFigure:VOLTage:AC [<Range> | AUTO]	
Parameter	<Range>	Voltage range <NRf>: 0.0000001~630 The unit will automatically be set to the closest range.
	AUTO	Autoset
Example	CONF:VOLT:AC 20 Sets the voltage mode to AC and the ACV range to 20V.	
Example	CONF:VOLT:AC Sets the voltage mode to AC. The range stays the same.	

CONFigure:AVERage:MODE

Set →
→ Query

Description	This command will set or query the average mode.	
Syntax	CONFigure:AVERage:MODE {0|1,TOTAL|SHIFT}	
Query Syntax	CONFigure:AVERage:MODE?	
Parameter	0, TOTAL	Total mode
	1, SHIFT	Shift mode
Return Parameter	Total	Total mode
	Shift	Shift mode
Example	CONF:AVER:MODE 0 Sets the average mode to Total mode.	

Measure Commands

MEASure → Query

Description	This query will return all the measurements.	
Query Syntax	MEASure?	
Return Parameter	<NRf>	Returns the current measurement voltage measurement: <current>,<voltage>
Query Example	MEAS? > 9.9768E-1, 3.21E-1 Returns the current measurement (0.99A) and voltage (0.321V) measurement.	

MEASure:CURRent[:DC] → Query

Description	This query will return the DC current.	
Query Syntax	Measure:CURRent[:DC]?	
Return Parameter	<NRf>	Return the DC current.
Query Example	MEAS:CURR:DC? >+9.9067E-1 Returns DC current measurement (0.99A).	

MEASure:CURRent:AC → Query

Description	This query will return the AC current.
Query Syntax	MEASure:CURRent:AC?
Return Parameter	<NRf> Returns the AC current.
Query Example	MEAS:CURR:AC? >+9.9067E-1 Returns the AC current measurement (0.9A).

MEASure:VOLTage[:DC] → Query

Description	This query will return the DC voltage.
Query Syntax	MEASure:VOLTage[:DC]?
Return Parameter	<NRf> Returns the DC voltage
Query Example	MEAS:VOLT:DC? >+1.5E+1 Returns the DC voltage measurement (15.0 V).

MEASure:VOLTage:AC → Query

Description	This query will return the AC voltage.
Query Syntax	MEASure:VOLTage:AC?
Return Parameter	<NRf> Returns the AC voltage.
Query Example	MEAS:VOLT:AC? >+2.5E+1 Returns the AC voltage measurement (25V).

READ → Query

Description	The read command will return current and voltage reading.

Query Syntax	READ?	
Return Parameter	<NRf>	Returns the current and voltage readings, respectively <current>,<voltage>
Query Example	READ? > +9.9067E-1,+2.5E+1 Returns the current and voltage readings.	

Sense Commands

[SENSe:]CURRent:RANGe

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or queries the current range.	
Syntax	[SENSe:]CURRent:RANGe {<Range>|AUTO}	
Query Syntax	[SENSe:]CURRent:RANGe?	
Parameter / Return Parameter	<Range>	Current range <NRf>: 0.00000001～305 Sets the current range in amps. The unit will automatically choose the closest range that is programmed.
	AUTO	Sets the range to AUTO; Only applicable for the ≤3A ranges. Autorange is not supported for the 30A and 300A ranges.
Example	CURR:RANG AUTO Sets the current range to AUTO.	

⚠ Note

The range that is returned is the base unit. See the table below:

Unit	Current Range
100	300A
10	30A
1	3A
.1	300mA
.01	30mA

[SENSe:]CURRent:DC:AVERage:COUNt

Set → Query

Description	This query will set or return average count setting for DC current.	
Syntax	[SENSe:]CURRent:DC:AVERage:COUNt (NR1)	
Query Syntax	[SENSe:]CURRent:DC:AVERage:COUNt?	
Parameter / Return Parameter	<NR1>	The average count setting for DC current. 1~10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
Query Example	CURR:DC:AVER:COUN? >10 The average count setting for DC current is 10.	

[SENSe:]CURRent:AC:AVERage:COUNt

Set → Query

Description	This query will set or return average count setting for AC current.	
Syntax	[SENSe:]CURRent:AC:AVERage:COUNt (NR1)	
Query Syntax	[SENSe:]CURRent:AC:AVERage:COUNt?	
Return Parameter	<NR1>	The average count setting for AC current. 1~10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
Query Example	CURR:AC:AVER:COUN? >10 The average count setting for AC current is 10.	

[SENSe:]VOLTage:RANGe

Set → Query

Description	Sets or queries the voltage range.
Syntax	[SENSe:]VOLTage:RANGe {<Range>|AUTO}
Query Syntax	[SENSe:]VOLTage:RANGe?

Parameter / Return Parameter	<Range>	Sets the voltage range in volts. The unit will automatically choose the closest range that is programmed. DC Range <NRf>: 0.0000001 ~ 1050 AC Range <NRf>: 0.0000001 ~ 600
	AUTO	Sets the range to AUTO.
Example	VOLT:RANG AUTO Sets the voltage range to auto.	
⚠ Note	The range that is returned is the base voltage unit. See the table below:	

Unit	Voltage Range
1000	1000VDC
600	600ACV
100	200V
10	20V
1	2V
0.1	200mV

[SENSe:]VOLTage:DC:AVERage:COUNt

Set → / → Query

Description	This command will set or return the average count setting for DC voltage.	
Syntax	[SENSe:]VOLTage:DC:AVERage:COUNt <NR1>	
Query Syntax	[SENSe:]VOLTage:DC:AVERage:COUNt?	
Parameter / Return Parameter	<NR1>	The average count setting for DC voltage. 1~10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
Query Example	VOLT:DC:AVER:COUN? >10 The average count setting for DC voltage is 10.	

[SENSe:]VOLTage:AC:AVERage:COUNt

Set → / → Query

Description	This query will set or return the average count setting for AC current.	
Syntax	[SENSe:]VOLTage:AC:AVERage:COUNt <NR1>	
Query Syntax	[SENSe:]VOLTage:AC:AVERage:COUNt?	
Return Parameter	<NR1>	The average count setting for AC voltage. 1~10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
Query Example	VOLT:AC:AVER:COUN? >10 The average count setting for AC voltage is 10.	

System Commands

SYSTem:BEEPer:STATe

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or queries the beeper status.	
Syntax	SYSTem:BEEPer:STATe {0|1}	
Query Syntax	SYSTem:BEEPer:STATe?	
Parameter/ Return Parameter	1	Beeper on
	0	Beeper off
Query Example	SYST:BEEP:STAT? >1 The beeper is on.	

SYSTem:ERRor → Query

Description	Queries the error queue. Error messages are stored in FIFO order. Up to 20 error messages are stored in the error queue. The first error message that is stored is the first message that is returned. Each time a message is returned it is also cleared from the queue. When the error queue is queried and there are no error messages, 0, "No error" will be returned. If the error queue is full (20 messages) and an error occurs, the last-stored error message will be overwritten with the -350,"Error queue overflow" message. This message will remain, and no additional messages will be stored until it is cleared. See page 89 for a list of the error messages.
Query Syntax	SYSTem:ERRor?
Return Parameter	<string> Returns the next error message in the error queue.
Query Example	SYST:ERR? > 0, "No error." Returns no error in the error queue.

SYSTem:LOCal → Set

Description	Returns the unit back to local mode. This command will enable all panel keys that may have been locked.
Syntax	SYSTem:LOCal

SYSTem:REMote

Set →

Description	Sets the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I operation to remote mode. All panel keys except the *Local* key are locked.
Syntax	SYSTem:REMote

SYSTem:RWLock

Set →

Description	Sets the PCS-1000/PCS-1000I operation to remote mode. All panel keys are locked, including the *Local* key.
Syntax	SYSTem:RWLock

SYSTem:VERSion

→ Query

Description	Queries the SCPI version number.
Query Syntax	SYSTem:VERSion?
Return Parameter	<string> Returns the SCPI version as a string.
Query Example	SYST:VERS? >1999.0 Returns the SCPI version number as 1999.0.

SYSTem:OUTPut:FORMat

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or queries the output formatting. There are 4 types of output formatting: 0, 1, 2, 3. Format "0" is the default format. The following table will show how each format will differ from each other when the MEASure? query is used.

	Format	Description	Example
	0	Returns the output in NR3 format.	+0.0E+0,-4.0E-7
	1	Returns the output in NR3 format + unit.	+0.0E+0 ADC,-5.0E-7 VDC
	2	Returns the output in NR2 format.	+0.00000000,-0.0000004
	3	Returns the output in NR2 format + unit.	+0.00000000 ADC,-0.0000004 VDC
Syntax	SYSTem:OUTPut:FORMat (0～3)		
Query Syntax	SYSTem:OUTPut:FORMat?		
Parameter / Return Parameter	<NR1>	0~3	
Example	SYST:OUTP:FORM? >3 Returns the format as NR2 + unit.		

Status Commands

STATus:OPERation:CONDition → Query

Description	Returns the contents of the Standard Operation Condition Register.		
	Bit	Bit weight	Description
	0	1	Calibrating
	1~3	~	Not used
	4	16	Measuring
	5~7	~	Not used
	8	256	Config Change
	9~15	~	Not used
Query Syntax	STATus:OPERation:CONDition?		
Return Parameter	<NR1>	0~65535: Returns the bit weight of the Standard Operation Condition Register.	
Query Example	STAT:OPER:COND? > 256 Indicates that the configuration has been changed.		

STATus:OPERation:ENABle

Set → / → Query

Description	Returns or sets the contents of the Standard Operation Enable Register.		
	Bit	Bit weight	Description
	0	1	Calibrating
	1~3	~	Not used
	4	16	Measuring
	5~7	~	Not used
	8	256	Config Change
	9~15	~	Not used
Syntax	STATus:OPERation:ENABle (0～65535)		
Query Syntax	STATus:OPERation:ENABle?		
Parameter / Return Parameter	<NR1>	0~65535: Indicates the bit weight of the Standard Operation Enable Register.	
Query Example	STAT:OPER:ENAB 273 Enables bit 0, 4 and 8 of the Standard Operation Enable Register.		

STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]

→ Query

Description	Returns the contents of the Standard Operation Event Register.		
	Bit	Bit weight	Description
	0	1	Calibrating
	1~3	~	Not used
	4	16	Measuring
	5~7	~	Not used
	8	256	Config Change
	9~15	~	Not used
Query Syntax	STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?		
Return Parameter	<NR1>	0~65535: Returns the bit weight of the Standard Operation Event Register.	

Example	SYST:OPER? >256 Indicates that bit 8 has been latched.

STATus:PRESet

Set →

Description	Resets the Standard Event Enable Register, the Questionable Data Enable Register and the Standard Operation Enable Register to their default state.
Syntax	STATus:PRESet

STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition

→ Query

Description	Returns the contents of the Questionable Data Condition Register.		
	Bit	Bit weight	Description
	0	1	Volt Overload
	1	2	Current Overload
	2~15	~	Not used
Query Syntax	STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?		
Return Parameter	<NR1>	0~65535: Returns the bit weight of the Questionable Data Condition Register.	
Query Example	STAT:QUES:COND? > 1 Indicates there was a voltage overload.		

STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle

Set → / → Query

Description	Returns or sets the contents of the Questionable Data Enable Register.		
	Bit	Bit weight	Description
	0	1	Volt Overload
	1	2	Current Overload
	2~15	~	Not used
Syntax	STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle (0～65535)		
Query Syntax	STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?		
Parameter / Return Parameter	<NR1>	0~65535: Indicates the bit weight of the Questionable Data Enable Register.	
Query Example	STAT:QUES:ENAB 3 Enables bit 1and 2 of the Questionable Data Enable Register.		

STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]

→ Query

Description	Returns the contents of the Questionable Data Event Register.		
	Bit	Bit weight	Description
	0	1	Volt Overload
	1	2	Current Overload
	2~15	~	Not used
Query Syntax	STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?		
Return Parameter	<NR1>	0~65535: Returns the bit weight of the Questionable Data Event Register.	
Example	SYST:QUES? >0 Indicates that no events have been latched.		

Common Commands

*IDN? → Query

Description	Returns the manufacturer, model number, serial number and software version number.
Query Syntax	*IDN?
Query Example	*IDN? >GWInstek,PCS-1000,xxxxxxxxx,Vx.xx

*ESE → Set / → Query

Description	Returns or sets the contents of the Standard Event Enable Register.

Bit	Bit weight	Description
0	1	Operation Complete
1	2	Not used
2	4	Query Error
3	8	Device Error
4	16	Execution Error
5	32	Command Error
6	64	Not used
7	128	Power On

Syntax	*ESE (0～255)	
Query Syntax	*ESE?	
Parameter / Return Parameter	<NR1>	0~255: Indicates the bit weight of the Standard Event Enable Register.
Query Example	*ESE 189 Enables all bits except for bit 1 and 6.	

*ESR? → Query

Description	Queries the Standard Event Register.		
	Bit	Bit weight	Description
	0	1	Operation Complete
	1	2	Not used
	2	4	Query Error
	3	8	Device Error
	4	16	Execution Error
	5	32	Command Error
	6	64	Not used
	7	128	Power On
Query Syntax	*ESR?		
Parameter	<NR1>	0~255: Indicates the bit weight of the Standard Event Register.	
Query Example	*ESR? >32 Indicates a command error was encountered.		

*SRE Set → / → Query

Description	Returns or sets the contents of the Service Request Enable Register.		
	Bit	Bit weight	Description
	0	1	Not used
	1	2	Not used

	2	4	ERR: Error queue
	3	8	QUES: Questionable Data Register summary bit
	4	16	MAV: Message available bit
	5	32	ESB: Event summary bit
	6	~	~
	7	128	OPER: Standard Operation Register summary bit
Syntax	*SRE (0～255)		
Query Syntax	*SRE?		
Parameter / Return Parameter	<NR1>	0~255: Indicates the bit weight of the Service Request Enable Register.	
Query Example	*SRE? >188 Indicates that bits 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7 are enabled.		

*STB? → Query

Description	Queries the Status Byte Register.		
Bit Summary	Bit	Bit weight	Description
	0	1	Not used
	1	2	Not used
	2	4	ERR: Error queue
	3	8	QUES: Questionable Data Register summary bit
	4	16	MAV: Message available bit
	5	32	ESB: Event summary bit
	6	64	MSS: Master summary bit of the Service Request Register and the Status Byte Register.
	7	128	OPER: Operation status register summary bit
Query Syntax	*STB?		
Parameter	<NR1>	0~255: Indicates the bit weight of the Status Byte Register.	

Query Example	*STB? >4 Indicates that there is a message in the error queue.

*PSC

Set → / → Query

Description	The Power on Status Clear command enables the unit to clear the Service Request Enable, the Standard Event Enable and other event enable registers at power up.	
Syntax	*PSC (0|1)	
Query Syntax	*PSC?	
Parameter / Return Parameter	0	Disabled
	1	Enabled
Query Example	*PSC 0 Disables the clearing of the event registers at power up.	

*OPC

Set → / → Query

Description	The Operation Complete command will set bit 0 of the Standard Event Register when all pending operations are complete. The OPC? query will return 1 when all pending operations are complete.	
Syntax	*OPC	
Query Syntax	*OPC?	
Return Parameter	1	Enabled
Query Example	*OPC? >1 Indicates that all pending operations are complete.	

*TST? → Query

Description	Self-test query. This query will initiate a self-test and return the result.	
Query Syntax	*TST?	
Parameter	0	All tests have passed.
	1	One of more tests have failed.
Query Example	*TST? >0 Indicates that all tests have passed.	

*CLS → Set

Description	The Clear Status command will clear the Status Byte Register by clearing the error queue, and register groups that connect to the Status Byte Register with a summary bit.
Syntax	*CLS

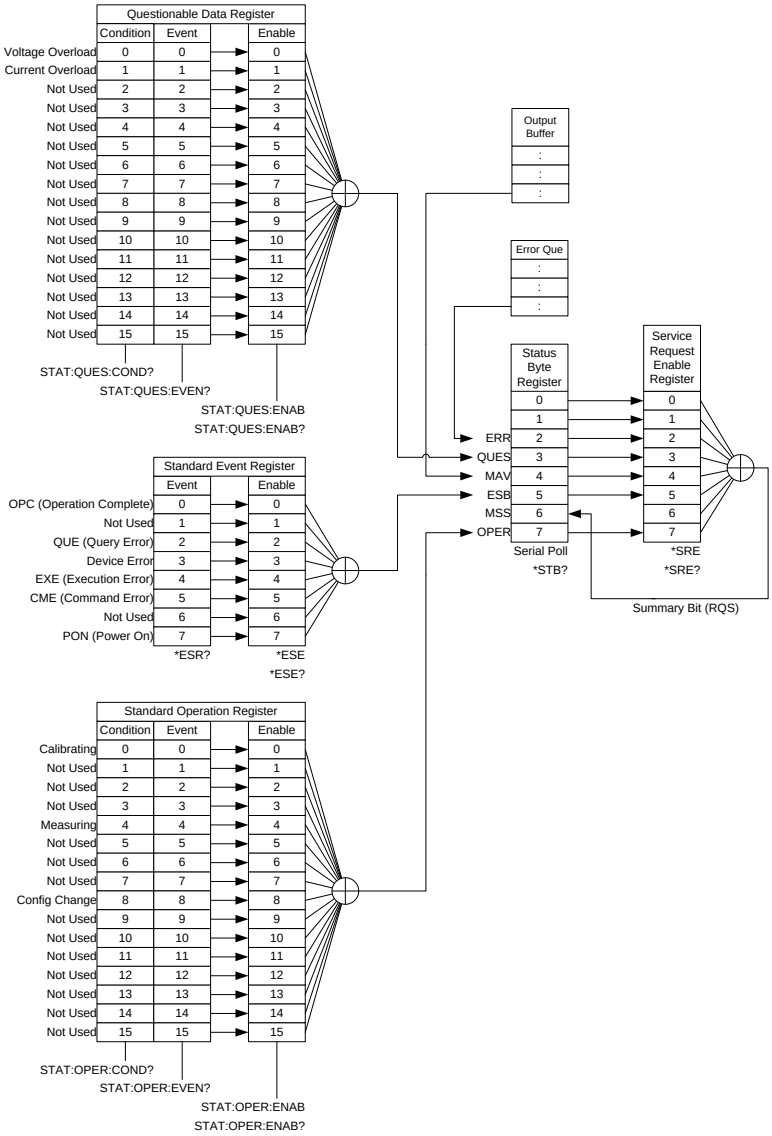
*RST → Set

Description	The Reset command will reset the unit to factory default settings.
Syntax	*RST

*WAI → Set

Description	The Wait command will make the unit wait until all pending operations are complete.
Syntax	*WAI

Status Registers



Error Messages

Command Errors	0,"No error"
	-101,"Invalid character"
	-102,"Syntax error"
	-103,"Invalid separator"
	-108,"Parameter not allowed"
	-109,"Missing parameter"
	-113,"Undefined header"
	-121,"Invalid character in number"
	-123,"Numeric overflow"
	-131,"Invalid suffix"
	-148,"Character data not allowed"
	-151,"Invalid string data"
Execution Errors	-222,"Data out of range"
	-224,"Illegal parameter value"
Device Specific Errors	-300,"Device-specific error"
	-330,"Self-test failed"
	-350,"Error queue overflow"
Query Errors	-410,"Query INTERRUPTED"
	-420,"Query UNTERMINATED"
	-521,"Input buffer overflow"
	-522,"Output buffer overflow"

APPENDIX

PCS Default Settings

The following default settings are the factory configuration settings when the unit first ships. See page 36 to restore the factory default settings.

Initial Settings	Default Setting
Current Meter	DCA
Voltage Meter	DCV
Current Range	Auto (Auto range only for 30mA, 300mA, 3A)
Voltage Range	Auto
Baud rate	9600
GPIB address	08
AD Speed	7 readings/sec
AVG Mode	Shift
DCV AVG	10 (samples)
ACV AVG	10 (samples)
DCA AVG	10 (samples)
ACA AVG	10 (samples)
Autozero	Enable
Beeper	On

LED ASCII Table Character Set

Use the following table to read the LED display messages.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D
													

E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
													

S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	(	)	+	-	,	
													

PCS-1000 Specifications

The specifications apply when the PCS is powered on for at least 30 minutes.

General

Power Supply	100 V / 120 V / 220 V / 240 V ±10%
Power Line Frequency	50/60Hz
Operating Environment	Full accuracy for 0˚C to 55˚C, Full accuracy to 80% R.H. at 40˚C
Storage Environment	-40˚C to 70˚C
Power Consumption	Max 35VA
Dimensions	210mm (W) * 80mm (H) * 390mm (D)
Weight	Approximately 5 kg

DC Characteristics

DC Voltage

Range	Half Year 23˚C ± 5˚C	Temperature Coefficient/˚C
200.0000 mV	0.0050 + 0.0035	0.0005 + 0.0005
2.000000 V	0.0050 + 0.0010	0.0005 + 0.0001
20.00000 V	0.0050 + 0.0010	0.0005 + 0.0001
200.0000 V	0.0050 + 0.0010	0.0005 + 0.0001
1000.000 V	0.0050 + 0.0020	0.0005 + 0.0001
Accuracy specification : ± (% of reading + % of range) Voltage input resistance: 10MΩ for all DC voltage ranges		

DC Current

Range	Burden Voltage	Half Year 23˚C ± 5˚C	Temperature Coefficient/˚C
30.00000 mA	<0.4 V	0.01 + 0.005	0.001 + 0.002
300.0000 mA	<0.5 V	0.01 + 0.005	0.001 + 0.002
3.000000 A	<0.8 V	0.01 + 0.005	0.001 + 0.002
30.00000 A(1)	<0.8 V	0.01 + 0.005	0.001 + 0.002
300.0000 A(1)(2)	<0.8 V	0.02 + 0.005	0.001 + 0.002
Accuracy specification : ± (% of reading + % of range)			

	Range	Half Year 23˚C ± 5˚C	Temperature Coefficient/˚C
DC Current Monitor Accuracy	30.00000 mA	0.01	0.001
	300.0000 mA	0.01	0.001
	3.000000 A	0.01	0.001
	30.00000 A(1)	0.01	0.001
	300.0000 A(1)(2)	0.05	0.001
	Accuracy specification: ± (% of output). Monitor output voltage for the full scale current = 300mV.		

AC Characteristics

	Range	Frequency	Half Year 23˚C ± 5˚C	Temperature Coefficient/˚C
True RMS AC Voltage	200.0000 mV	45 Hz - 2 kHz 2 kHz - 10 kHz 10 kHz - 20 kHz	0.5 + 0.05 1.0 + 0.05 2.0 + 0.10	0.005 + 0.005
	2.000000 V			0.005 + 0.005
	20.00000 V			0.005 + 0.005
	200.0000 V			0.005 + 0.005
	600.000 V			0.005 + 0.005
	Accuracy specification: ± (% of reading + % of range)			

	Range	Frequency	Half Year 23˚C ± 5˚C	Temperature Coefficient/˚C
True RMS AC Current	30.00000 mA	45Hz - 2kHz 2 kHz - 10 kHz	0.5 + 0.05 1.0 + 0.05	0.03 + 0.006
	300.0000 mA			0.03 + 0.006
	3.000000 A			0.03 + 0.006
	30.00000 A(1)	45Hz - 400Hz	0.5 + 0.05	0.03 + 0.006
	300.0000 A(1)(2)			0.03 + 0.006
	Accuracy specification: ± (% of reading + % of range)			

	Range	Frequency	Half Year 23˚C ± 5˚C	Temperature Coefficient/˚C
AC Current Monitor Accuracy	30.00000 mA	≤ 400Hz	0.1	0.001
	300.0000 mA		0.1	0.001
	3.000000 A		0.1	0.001
	30.00000 A(1)		0.1	0.001
	300.0000 A(1)(2)		0.2	0.001
	Accuracy specification: ± (% of output). Monitor output voltage for the full scale current = 300mV.			

(1): For 30/300A range, a power coefficient (PCR) of 8ppm per watt of reading should be added.
(2): For 300A range and continuous use at full load exceeding 1 minute, the specifications are not guaranteed unless the PCS-1000 is loaded off for at least 2 minutes.
Note: Product specifications are subject to change without notice.

PCS-1000I Specifications

The specifications apply when the PCS is powered on for at least 30 minutes.

General

Power Supply	100 V / 120 V / 220 V / 240 V ±10%
Power Line Frequency	50/60Hz
Operating Environment	Full accuracy for 0°C to 55°C, Full accuracy to 80% R.H. at 40°C
Storage Environment	-40°C to 70°C
Power Consumption	Max 35VA
Dimensions	210mm (W) * 80mm (H) * 390mm (D)
Weight	Approximately 5 kg

DC Characteristics

DC Voltage

Range	Half Year 23°C ± 5°C	Temperature Coefficient/°C
200.0000 mV	0.0050 + 0.0035	0.0005 + 0.0005
2.000000 V	0.0050 + 0.0010	0.0005 + 0.0001
20.00000 V	0.0050 + 0.0010	0.0005 + 0.0001
200.0000 V	0.0050 + 0.0010	0.0005 + 0.0001
1000.000 V	0.0050 + 0.0020	0.0005 + 0.0001

Accuracy specification : ± (% of reading + % of range)
Voltage input resistance: 10MΩ for all DC voltage ranges

DC Current

Range	Burden Voltage	Half Year 23°C ± 5°C	Temperature Coefficient/°C
30.00000 mA	<0.4 V	0.01 + 0.005	0.001 + 0.002
300.0000 mA	<0.5 V	0.01 + 0.005	0.001 + 0.002
3.000000 A	<0.8 V	0.01 + 0.005	0.001 + 0.002
30.00000 A(1)	<0.8 V	0.01 + 0.005	0.001 + 0.002
300.0000 A(1)(2)	<0.8 V	0.02 + 0.005	0.001 + 0.002

Accuracy specification : ± (% of reading + % of range)

	Range	Half Year 23˚C ± 5˚C	Temperature Coefficient/˚C
Isolated DC Current Monitor Accuracy	30.00000 mA	0.1 + 0.05	0.001
	300.0000 mA	0.1 + 0.05	0.001
	3.000000 A	0.1 + 0.05	0.001
	30.00000 A(1)	0.1 + 0.05	0.001
	300.0000 A(1)(2)	0.2 + 0.05	0.001
	Accuracy specification: ± (% output + % of full scale) Monitor output voltage for the full scale current = 3V.		

AC Characteristics

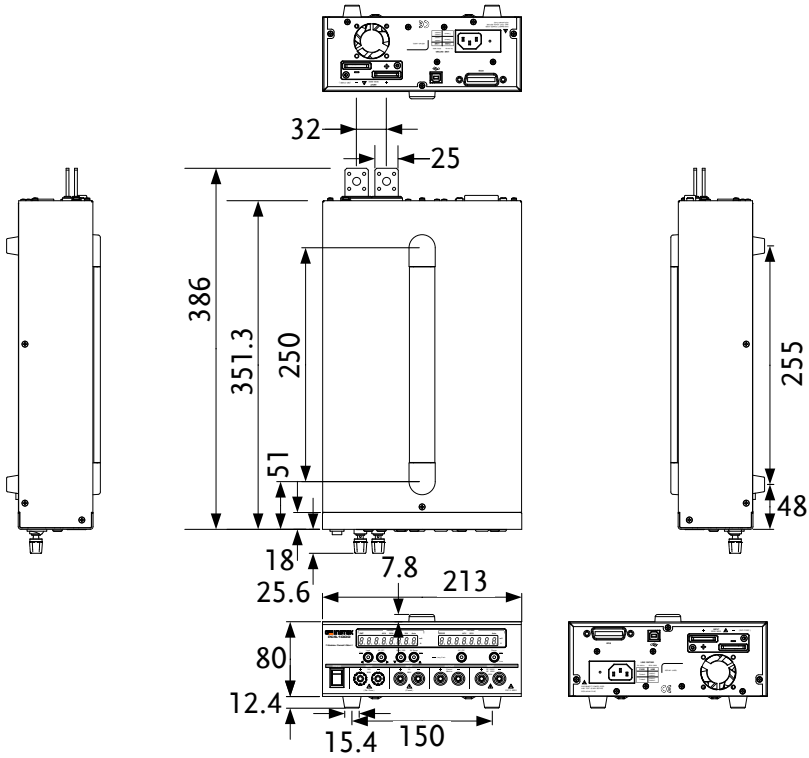
	Range	Frequency	Half Year 23˚C ± 5˚C	Temperature Coefficient/˚C
True RMS AC Voltage	200.0000 mV	45 Hz - 2 kHz 2 kHz - 10 kHz 10 kHz - 20 kHz	0.5 + 0.05 1.0 + 0.05 2.0 + 0.10	0.005 + 0.005
	2.000000 V			0.005 + 0.005
	20.00000 V			0.005 + 0.005
	200.0000 V			0.005 + 0.005
	600.000 V			0.005 + 0.005
	Accuracy specification: ± (% of reading + % of range)			

	Range	Frequency	Half Year 23˚C ± 5˚C	Temperature Coefficient/˚C
True RMS AC Current	30.00000 mA	45Hz - 2kHz 2 kHz - 10 kHz 45Hz - 400Hz	0.5 + 0.05 1.0 + 0.05 0.5 + 0.05	0.03 + 0.006
	300.0000 mA			0.03 + 0.006
	3.000000 A			0.03 + 0.006
	30.00000 A(1)			0.03 + 0.006
	300.0000 A(1)(2)			0.03 + 0.006
	Accuracy specification: ± (% of reading + % of range)			

Isolated AC Current Monitor Accuracy	Range	Frequency	Half Year 23˚C ± 5˚C	Temperature Coefficient/˚C
	30.00000 mA	45Hz~2kHz	0.2 + 0.05	0.001
	300.0000 mA	2kHz~10kHz	0.5 + 0.05	0.001
	3.000000 A			0.001
	30.00000 A(1)	45Hz~400Hz	0.5 + 0.05	0.001
	300.0000 A(1)(2)			0.001
	Accuracy specification: ± (% output + % of full scale) Monitor output voltage for the full scale current = 3V. The specifications are only applicable when the input is 10% or greater of the full scale range.			

(1): For 30/300A range, a power coefficient (PCR) of 8ppm per watt of reading should be added.
(2): For 300A range and continuous use at full load exceeding 1 minute, the specifications are not guaranteed unless the PCS-1000I is loaded off for at least 2 minutes.
Note: Product specifications are subject to change without notice.

PCS Dimensions



scale = mm.
(PCS-1000 shown. PCS-1000I dimensions are identical)

Declaration of Conformity

We
GOOD WILL INSTRUMENT CO., LTD.
declare that the below mentioned product
Type of Product: Digital Current and Voltage Meter
Model Number: PCS-1000, PCS-1000I
are herewith confirmed to comply with the requirements set out in the Council Directive on the Approximation of the Law of Member States relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility (2014/30/EU) and Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU).
For the evaluation regarding the Electromagnetic Compatibility and Low Voltage Directive, the following standards were applied:

◎ **EMC**	
EN 61326-1: EN 61326-2-1:	Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use –– EMC requirements (2013)
Conducted & Radiated Emission EN 55011: 2009+A1:2010 Class A	Electrical Fast Transients EN 61000-4-4: 2012
Current Harmonics EN 61000-3-2: 2014	Surge Immunity EN 61000-4-5: 2014
Voltage Fluctuations EN 61000-3-3: 2013	Conducted Susceptibility EN 61000-4-6: 2014
Electrostatic Discharge EN 61000-4-2: 2009	Power Frequency Magnetic Field EN 61000-4-8: 2010
Radiated Immunity EN 61000-4-3: 2006+A1:2008+A2:2010	Voltage Dip/ Interruption EN 61000-4-11: 2004
Low Voltage Equipment Directive 2014/35/EU	
Safety Requirements	EN 61010-1: 2010 EN 61010-2-030: 2010

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